

Date of issue

Prepared by

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. 1431 Progress Ave. : 1/20/2010

Prepared For ATTN:			High Point, NC 27261 US		
Chemcraft					
1431 Progress Ave. High Point, NC 27260 US			(336)841-5111 IN CASE OF EMERGENCY (HEALTH OR SPILLS): CHEMTREC (US and Canada) (800) 424-9300		
Broducting		431-4635SPB			
Product no. Product - Class	-				
Customer Part Number					
Customer ShipTo ID	-	0000109024			
2. Hazards ident	if	ication			
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered (29 CFR 1910.1200).	hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard		
Emergency overview	:	DANGER!			
		EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.			
		Do not get in eyes or on ski	ks and flame. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. n or clothing. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Iling.		
Routes of entry	:	Dermal contact. Eye contact	t. Inhalation. Ingestion.		
Potential acute health effects					
Inhalation	:		nay include: blindness, blood effects, blurred vision, CNS nosis, dizziness, drowsiness, fatigue, headache, nausea,		
Ingestion	:	cyanosis, diarrhea, dizzines	ery toxic if swallowed. her effects of ingestion may include : abdominal pain, blindness, CNS effects, cramps, anosis, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, fatigue, headache, high blood sugar, irritation, dney damage, nausea, vomiting, weakness,		
Skin	:	Other effects of skin contact Effects due to absorption the	 Severely irritating to the skin. t may include: dehydration, dermatitis, discoloration, rough skin may include: blood effects, CNS effects, cramps, nea, dizziness, drowsiness, fatigue, headache, nausea, 		
Eyes	:	Irritating to eyes.			

1. Product and company identification

: 2/23/2010.

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Other effects of eye contact may include : burning, eye damage, redness, swelling, tearing,

Potential chronic health effects

	enects
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.
Target organs	 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, heart, brain, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).
This was due to us do a serie	

This product under certain conditions could release formaldehyde in sufficient quantities to require monitoring under OSHA regulations. Formaldehyde is a known carcinogen.

Medical conditions aggravated by over: skin disorders, liver conditions, kidney conditions, respiratory conditions, neurological disorders, cardiovascular diseases,

exposure

NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged OVEREXPOSURE to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this package may be harmful or fatal.

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	CAS number	% by weight	Vapor pressure	Exposure limits
outyl acetate	123-86-4	<u>78 by weight</u>	1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg)	OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minute(s).
proprietary isobutanol	- 78-83-1		Not available. 1.2 kPa (9 mm Hg)	OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).
1-methoxy-2-acetoxypropane	108-65-6		0.49 kPa (3.7 mm Hg)	
nitrocellulose methyl alcohol	9004-70-0 67-56-1		Not available. 13 kPa (97.68 mm Hg)	OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s).
dimethyl ketone	67-64-1		24.7 kPa (185 mm Hg)	OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minute(s).
isopropanol	67-63-0		4.4 kPa (33 mm Hg)	OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute(s).
isobutylate u/f resin isobutyl isobutyrate	68002-18-6 97-85-8		Not available. 0.43 kPa (3.2 mm Hg)	
isobutyl acetate	110-19-0			OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s).

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	suspecte self-cont give mou	n shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is ed that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or ained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to uth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water emoving it, or wear gloves.
Eye contact	lenses.	ical attention immediately if symptoms occur. Check for and remove any contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally e upper and lower eyelids.
Skin contact	flush ski	ical attention immediately if symptoms occur. In case of contact, immediately n with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Inhalation	If not bre respiration	ical attention immediately if symptoms occur. Move exposed person to fresh air. eathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial on or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, aistband.
Ingestion	immedia exposed person f	ical attention immediately. Call medical doctor or poison control center tely. Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed eels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	:	Extremely flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container. Waste should be understood to include contaminated articles, including spray booth filters and strippings.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -20℃ (-4℉)
Flammable limits	:	Lower: 1% Upper: 98%
Extinguishing media		
Suitable	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	:	Do not use water jet.
Special exposure hazards	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
-		UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS: During emergency conditions, overexposure to products of combustion may cause a health hazard; symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.
Special remarks on fire hazards	:	Not available.
Special remarks on explosion hazards	:	Not available.

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6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).			
Environmental precautions	void dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and ewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution ewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods for cleaning up				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.			

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not enter confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection	Selection of personal protective equipment (PPE) is to be established by the employer performing a PPE hazard assessment. In the U.S.A, OSHA requires completion of a documented PPE hazard assessment as described in 29 CFR 1910.132.
Respiratory	: Use properly fitted respiratory protection complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

	Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.
Hands	 Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eyes	 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other protection	: Not available.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Taste	: Not available.
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Molecular formula	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not available.
Boiling/condensation point	: 56.11 to 250℃ (133 to 482℉)
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Critical temperature	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.94
Vapor density	: Heavier than air
Volatility	: 70.07% (w/w)
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: Greater than 1. (methyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate
Viscosity	: Not available.
lonicity (in water)	: Not available.
Dispersibility properties	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

: The product is stable, under normal conditions of storage and use.
: Will not undergo hazardous polymerization.
: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Other Conditions to avoid:temperatures above 120 degrees, light, allow air blanket above liquid, drying out,
: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, metals, acids and alkalis.
: Not available.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name butyl acetate	Result LD50 Dermal	Species Guinea pig	Dose 8770 mg/kg	Exposure -
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
dimethyl ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>20000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	50100 mg/m ³	8 hours
1-methoxy-2-acetoxypropane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
isobutanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
methyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
isobutylate u/f resin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
nitrocellulose	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
isopropanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16000 ppm	8 hours
isobutyl isobutyrate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>8600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6400 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	5000 ppm	6 hours
isobutyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>4350 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	3500 ppm	4 hours

Carcinogenicity

This product under certain conditions could release formaldehyde in sufficient quantities to require monitoring under OSHA regulations. Formaldehyde is a known carcinogen.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name Not available.	Test	Experiment		Result	
Teratogenicity Product/ingredient name methyl alcohol	Result Positive - Unreported	Species Mammal - species unspecified	Dose -	Exposure -	

12. Ecological information

Data available upon request.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

14. Transport information

Note: Information contained in this section may vary from the actual shipping description depending on quantity in containers, mode of shipment and use of exemptions.

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1263	Paint	3	II		RQ: 19131.5lbs (8676.41kgs) [butyl acetate]
TDG Classification	UN1263	Paint	3	11		-
IMDG Class	UN1263	Paint	3	11		-
IATA-DGR Class	UN1263	Paint	3	II		-

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

(HAPS) Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: formaldehyde; xylene, mixed isomers; cumene; methyl alcohol; toluene; naphthalene

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting	: methyl alcohol	67-56-1	6.93

requirements

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. **WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>	<u>No significant risk</u> level	<u>Maximum</u> acceptable dosage level
toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
formaldehyde	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
naphthalene	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

<u>Canada</u>

Canada inventory

: All components of this product are on the CEPA DSL inventory.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

International lists	: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory: Not determined.
	Korea inventory: Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

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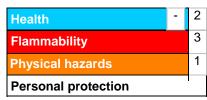
15. Regulatory information

This coating contains the following chemicals, which are prohibited from use in certain child-care articles under the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008 (United States): diisononyl phthalate;

** All values in this section reported as percentage by weight, unless otherwise specified.

16. Other information

HMIS III ® Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS III ® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risk, and 4 representing severe hazards or risk. Although HMIS III ® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS III ® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS III ® program. HMIS III ® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA).

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Other special considerations : Not available.

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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